

- 215 hortaturque sequi damnosasque erudit artes
 et movet ipse suas et nati respicit alas.
 hos aliquis tremula dum captat harundine pisces,
 aut pastor baculo stivave innixus arator
 vidit et obstipuit, quique aethera carpere possent,
 220 credit esse deos. et iam Iunonia laeva
 parte Samos (fuerant Delosque Parosque relictæ)
 dextra Lebinthos erat fecundaque melle Calymne,
 cum puer audaci coepit gaudere volatu
 deseruitque ducem caelique cupidine tractus



- 215 **damnōsus, -a, -um:** *destructive, ruinous.*
ērudīō, -īre, -īvī, -ītum: *to teach, instruct.*
- 217 **harundō, -dinis (f.):** *a reed, sharpened reed, arrow.* Here, a rod for fishing.
- 218 **baculum, -ī (n.):** *walking stick, staff.*
stīva, -ae (f.): *the shaft of a plough handle.*
innītor, -ī, -nixus: *to lean on, rest on.*
arātor, -ōris (m.): *a ploughman.*
- 219 **obstipescō, -ere, -stipui:** *to be amazed, astonished.*
possent: subjunctive in a relative clause of characteristic explaining why Daedalus and Icarus are believed to be gods.
- 220 **Iūnōnius, -a, -um:** *of or pertaining to Juno.*
laevus, -a, -um: *left, lefthand.*
- 221 **Samos, -ī (f.):** an island in the eastern Mediterranean off the coast of Asia Minor between Ephesus and Miletus. Its temple to Juno, built in the sixth century B.C., was the largest in the Greek world at the time.
Dēlos, -ī (f.): a small (two square miles) island in the Aegean revered as the birthplace of Apollo and Diana.
Paros, -ī (f.): another island in the Aegean most known for its fine white marble and as the birthplace of the seventh-century Greek poet Archilochus.
- 222 **Lebinthos, -ī (f.):** an island in the Sporadic chain, off the east coast of mainland Greece.
fēcundus, -a, -um: *fertile, fruitful.*
Calymnē, -ēs (f.): an island off the coast of Asia Minor near Rhodes. It is known for its honey. Note Greek ending.
- 223 **volātus, -ūs (m.):** *flying, flight.*